How Do Planners Specialize? Implications for Planning Schools and Professional Associations

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Outline

- □ Data Sources
- Dependent Variables
 - Specialization
 - Salary
- □ Independent Variables
- Implications
 - Planning Schools
 - Professional Associations

Data Sources (and Limitations)

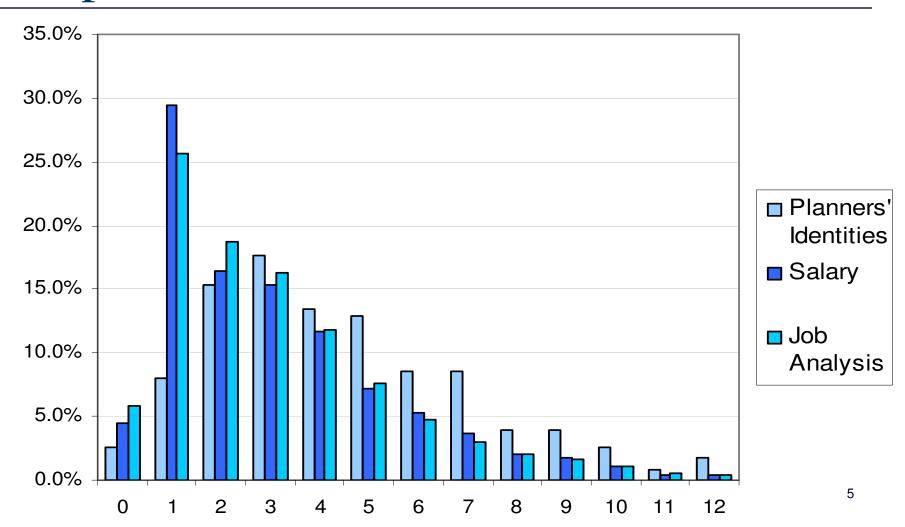
- □ Survey Population = Members of Primary Professional Associations
 - APA "Salary" Surveys
 - AICP Job Analysis Surveys
- □ Planners Missed by These Surveys (Dalton 2007)
 - Planners in other professional associations who do not also belong to APA
 - Planners and planning school graduates who do not belong to professional associations

The Variables

- Dependent
 - Extent ofSpecialization –continuous variable
 - Nature of Specialization – typology
 - Salary continuous variable

- Independent
 - Sex
 - Ethnic Origin
 - Education highest degree in planning (or not)
 - Certification AICP (or not)
 - Employer typology
 - Experience ordinal
 - Responsibility director or equivalent (or not)

Number of Planning Topics per Respondent



Extent of Specialization

	Number of Topics Selected	Salary Survey	Job Analysis Survey
		2004	2007
	n =	9,878	4,375
		colun	nn %
Generalist	0	4.5%	5.9%
Specialist	1	29.4%	25.7%
Focused	2 to 4	43.4%	46.9%
Generalist	5+	22.7%	21.5%
Mean, excludir	ng zero	3.266	3.271
Median, exclud	ling zero	3.000	3.000

Overlap Among Planning Topics

Both as a percentage of the total when either or both topics selected	Com Devel	Land Use	Economic Devel	Environmental	Facilities	Housing	Parks, Rec	Planning Mgt	Transportation
Land Use, Codes	41.5%								
Economic Planning, Development	31.5%	22.1%							
Environment, Natural Resources	22.2%	23.0%	15.9%						
Facilities, Infrastructure Planning	18.3%	16.8%	20.0%	20.7%					
Housing	24.8%	17.7%	21.7%	13.6%	16.9%				
Parks, Recreation	16.8%	15.0%	15.9%	20.4%	20.8%	16.0%			
Planning Management	21.3%	24.2%	21.5%	15.2%	19.9%	16.2%	13.0%		
Transportation	15.6%	15.8%	15.6%	18.8%	19.3%	10.8%	12.8%	15.0%	
Urban Design	28.9%	24.2%	18.4%	15.9%	18.1%	19.0%	19.6%	16.8%	15.0%

Nature of Specialization – Land Use and/or Community Development

	Men	Women	White	Minority	Planning	Not	AICP	Not
Chi Square	p < 0	.0001	p < 0	.0001	p < 0	.0001	p < 0	.0001
				row per	centages			
Community Devel or Land Use Specialist	59.7%	40.3%	91.0%	9.0%	57.2%	42.8%	49.2%	50.8%
Community Devel Focused (no Land use)	62.3%	37.7%	88.7%	11.3%	55.7%	44.3%	54.2%	45.8%
Land Use Focused Planners (no Com Dev)	62.8%	37.2%	92.6%	7.4%	50.6%	49.4%	52.8%	47.2%
Community Devel and Land Use Focused	67.7%	32.3%	93.2%	6.8%	53.6%	46.4%	54.0%	46.0%
Community Devel or Land Use Generalist	72.5%	27.5%	90.0%	10.0%	47.0%	53.0%	57.4%	42.6%
Community Devel and Land Use Generalist	73.3%	26.7%	93.0%	7.0%	52.7%	47.3%	57.4%	42.6%
Sub-Total	66.3%	33.7%	91.4%	8.6%	53.3%	46.7%	54.1%	45.9%
Sub-Total (column %)	67.8%	67.6%	68.2%	64.7%	67.7%	67.7%	66.6%	69.0%

Nature of Specialization – No Land Use or Community Development

			Men	Women	White	Minority	Planning	Not	AICP	Not
		Chi Square	p < 0	.0001	p < 0	.0001	p < 0	.0001	p < 0	.0001
						row per	centages			
Environmental Specialist or Focused		57.9%	42.1%	92.1%	7.9%	47.7%	52.3%	59.5%	40.5%	
Transportation Focused	Transportation Specialist or Focused		71.9%	28.1%	88.1%	11.9%	56.7%	43.3%	56.6%	43.4%
Other Spe	Other Specialist Planners		65.4%	34.6%	90.7%	9.3%	57.4%	42.6%	57.2%	42.8%
Other Focused or Generalist		69.0%	31.0%	90.1%	9.9%	45.8%	54.2%	51.1%	48.9%	
		Sub-Total	66.1%	33.9%	90.1%	9.9%	53.3%	46.7%	56.9%	43.1%
	Sub-Total (column %)	32.2%	32.4%	31.8%	35.3%	32.3%	32.3%	33.4%	31.0%

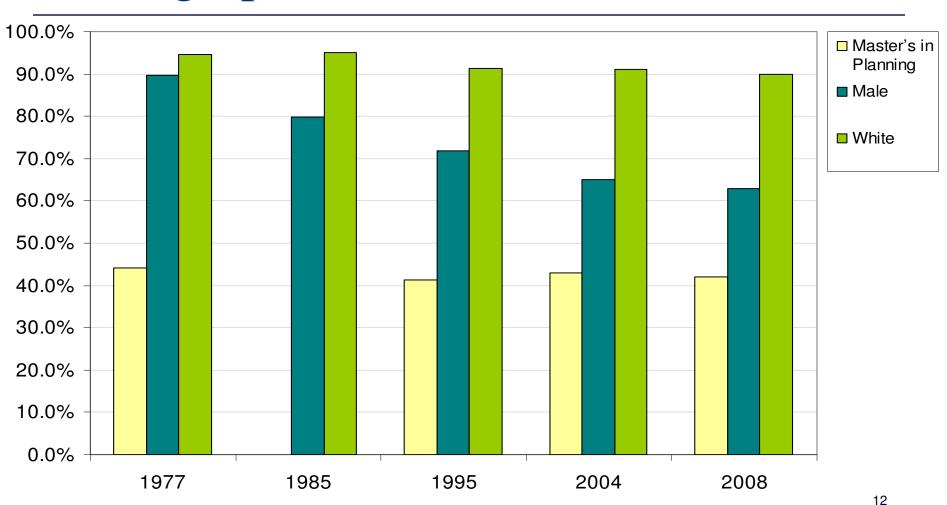
Land Use and/or Community Development – Responsibility and Salary

		Not	Director	Not D	irector	Director		Difference	
Chi Square	or ANOVA	p < 0	.0001		p < 0	.0001		Diliciciico	
	n =	Shares	Shares	Sa	lary	Salary		Salary	
		% o	f total						
Community Devel or	Land Use	10.7%	2.4%	\$	55,199	\$	89,222	\$	34,023
Specialist		10.7 70	2.470	Ψ	55, 133	Ψ	09,222	Ψ	34,023
Community Devel Fo	cused (no	10.0%	3.0%	\$	62,746	\$	85,804	\$	23,058
Land use)			3.070	Ψ	02,740	Ψ			
Land Use Focused P	Land Use Focused Planners (no		2.3%	\$	57,245	\$	69,911	\$	12,666
Com Dev)		6.6%	2.070	Ψ	01,210	Ψ	33,311	Ψ	.2,000
Community Devel an	d Land	6.8%	3.2%	\$	57,454	\$	74,360	\$	16,906
Use Focused		0.070	0.270				7 1,000	Ψ	,
Community Devel or	Land Use	4.9%	2.5%	\$	65,781	\$	84,879	\$	19,098
Generalist			2.070	T	00,701	Y	0 1,01 0	Ψ	.0,000
Community Devel and Land		7.8%	7.5%	\$	62,981	\$	79,352	\$	16,371
Use Generalist					,	•	,		,
	Sub-Total	46.8%	21.0%						

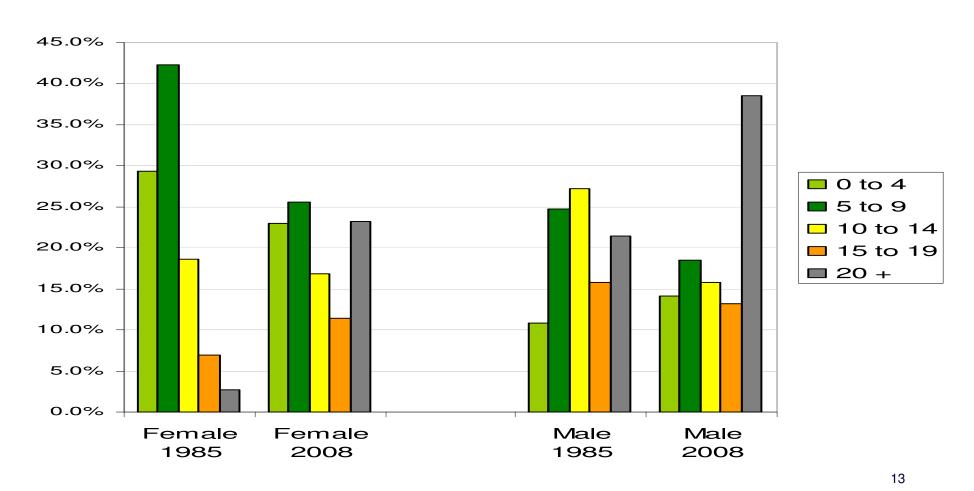
No Land Use or Community Development – Responsibility and Salary

			Not	Director	Not D	irector	Dir	ector	Г	ifference
С	hi Square o	or ANOVA	p < 0	.0001		p < 0	.0001		Dillerence	
		n =	Shares	Shares	Sa	lary	Sa	lary	Salary	
			% o	f total						
Environme	ental Specia	alist or	7.4%	0.8%	\$	66,672	\$	87,545	\$	20,873
Focused			7.470	0.076	Ψ	00,012	Ψ	01,040	Ψ	20,010
Transporta	Transportation Specialist or		10.1%	0.8%	\$	65,998	\$	82,327	\$	16,329
Focused			10.170	0.070	Ψ	00,000	Ψ	02,021	Ψ	10,020
Other Spe	cialist Planr	ners	7.3%	2.2%	\$	64,326	\$	86,334	\$	22,008
l				,	'	,	•	,	'	,
Other Focused or Generalist		2.9%	0.9%	\$	64,263	\$	89,624	\$	25,361	
							-			,
		Sub-Total	27.7%	4.5%						

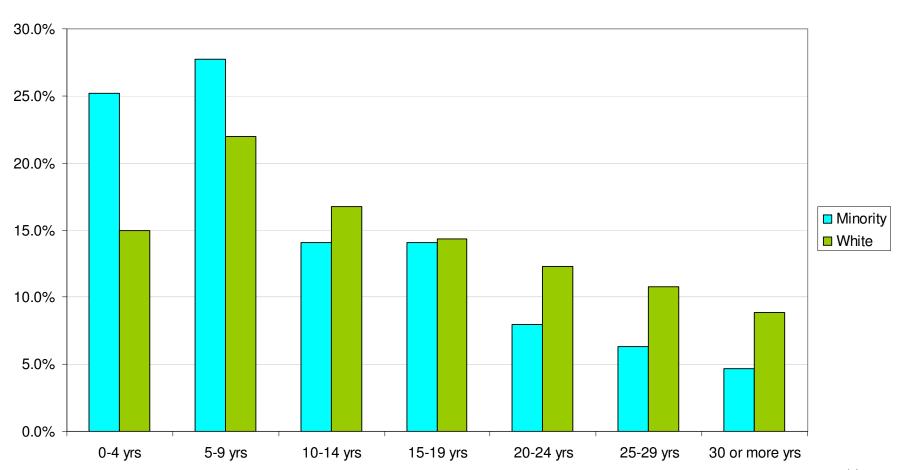
Demographic and Educational Trends



Experience – Less Persistence by Women



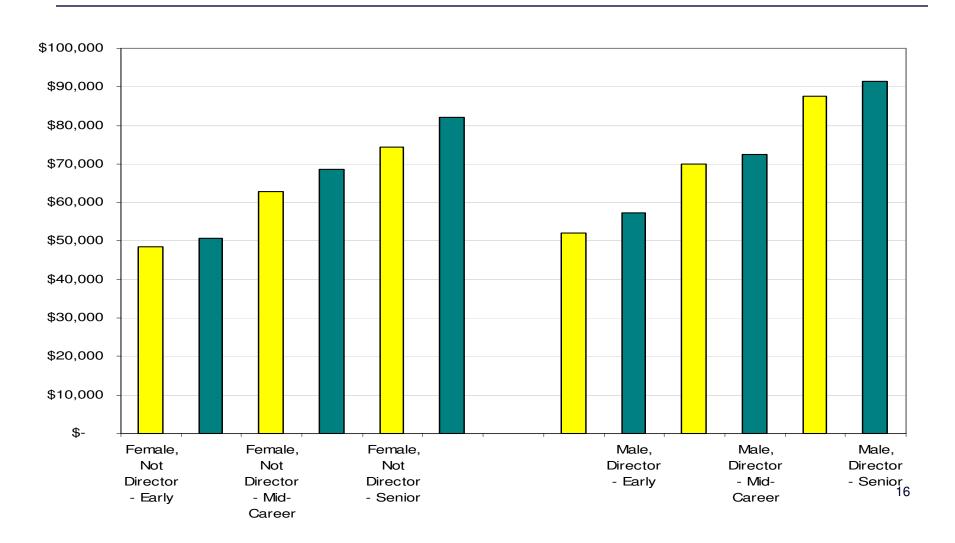
Experience – Less Persistence by Minority Planners



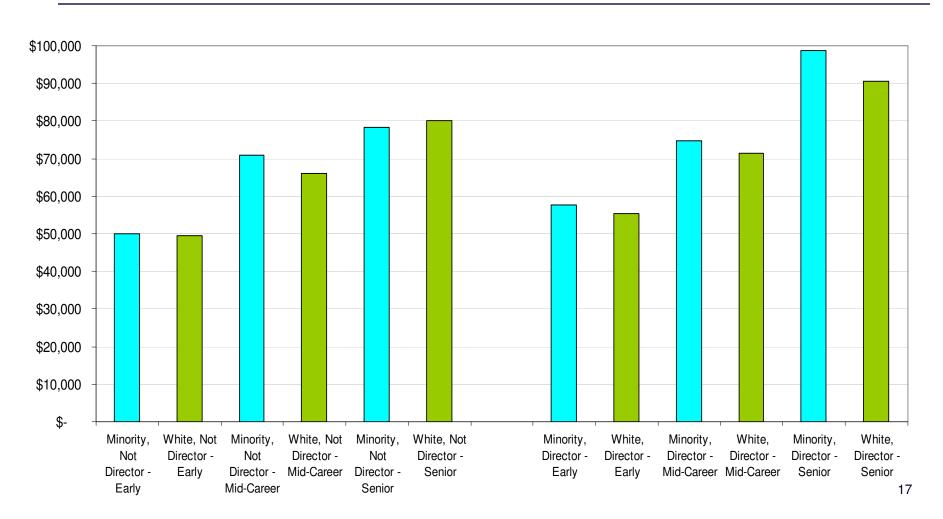
Employer and Experience

	Ove	erall					
			City	County	Other	Consul-	Other
			City	County	Public	tant	Nonpublic
Chi Square					0 < 0.0001		
n =	9,393	Shares		columr	n % unless	noted	
0-4 years	1,442	15.4%	16.1%	15.9%	13.8%	15.4%	14.5%
5-9 years	2,127	22.6%	24.3%	24.3%	19.9%	22.7%	18.5%
10-14 years	1,553	16.5%	16.7%	16.5%	17.1%	15.6%	17.7%
15-19 years`	1,338	14.2%	14.8%	14.3%	15.4%	13.0%	12.8%
20-24 years	1,124	12.0%	12.4%	10.7%	12.5%	11.8%	11.6%
25-29 years	999	10.6%	8.9%	11.8%	11.4%	11.4%	12.0%
30 or more years	810	8.6%	6.8%	6.5%	9.9%	10.2%	12.9%
Total (row %)			35.9%	14.7%	16.7%	24.0%	8.7%

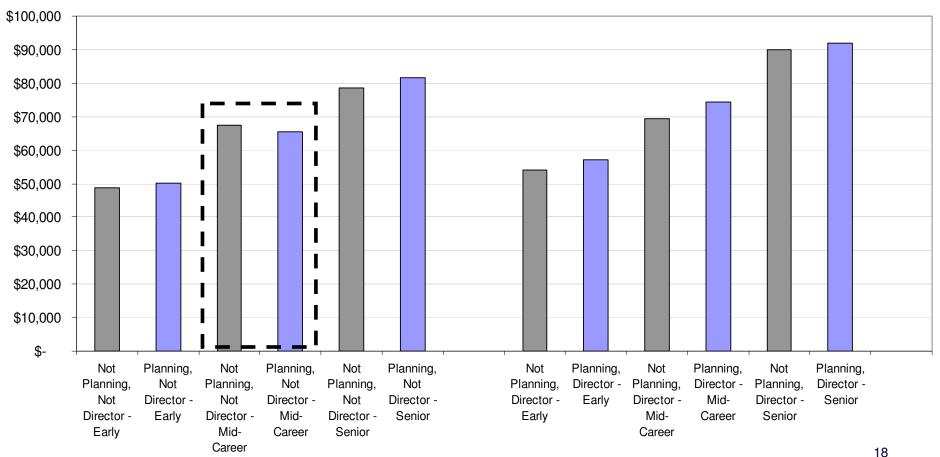
Responsibility, Experience, Sex, and Salary



Responsibility, Experience, Ethnic Origin, and Salary



Responsibility, Experience, Highest Degree in Planning (or not), and Salary



Planning Education, AICP, and Responsibility

Chi Square signi	ficance			AICP	Not AICP	
as shown		n =	col %	Percent	of Total	
Responsibility						
Not Director				p < 0	.0001	
Planning		4,010	55.1%	32.1%	23.0%	
Not Planning		3,274	44.9%	20.9%	24.1%	
	row %	7,284		52.9%	47.1%	
Director				p < 0	.0001	
Planning		1,234	48.9%	33.3%	15.5%	
Not Planning		1,292	51.1%	26.1%	25.1%	
	row %	2,526		59.4%	40.6%	
	Total	9,810		5,357	4,453	
Over	all row %			54.6%	45.4%	

Implications for Planning Schools and Professional Associations

- □ Lack of persistence by women and minority planners calls for
 - better understanding from alumni surveys;
 - professional services and support aligned with career patterns of women and minorities.
- ☐ Transition in careers during the second decade calls for
 - planning schools to prepare students for more than the first job;
 - professional associations to support practitioners for their entire career.

Implications for Planning Schools and Professional Associations (continued)

- Continuing leadership by professionals without a formal planning education calls for
 - preparation of planning students for future leadership roles;
 - compensatory professional development programs for those without a planning degree.
- □ Specialization of professionals educated in planning and belonging to AICP calls for
 - curricula that provide the context and breadth of practice, esp. for professionals who later specialize or focus on complementary topics;
 - professional development programs that address leadership as well as state-of-the-art technical information.

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